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YUGOSLAV POPULATION OF 16,250,000 TOPS PREWAR FIGURE

On 15 March 1948 Yugoslavia had 15,772,000 inhabitants. Because of war casualties and a low birth rate during the war, there was a decrease in population of 2,500,000. Recently the Federal Bureau of Statistics estimated the population of Yugoslavia to be 16,250,000 at the middle of 1950. In 1941 Yugoslavia had 16,220,000 inhabitants, excluding Istria and the Slovenian Primorje.

The following table shows the increase in population between 15 March 1948 and the middle of 1950, according to republics:

•	15 March 1948	Middle of 195		
Serbia	6,528,000	6,711,000		
Croatia	3,757,000	3,829,000		
Slovenia	1,392,000	1,422,000		
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2,565,000	2,679,000		
Macedonia	1,153,000	1,216,000		
Montenegro	. 377,000	393,000		
Total	15,772,000	16,250,000		

At the middle of 1950, the bureau estimated the population of Serbia proper to be 4,137,000, the Vojvodina 1,663,000, and Kosmet 728,000.

The census of 15 March 1948 divided the population into the following nationalities: 6,547,000 Serbs, 3,785,000 Croats, 1,415,000 Slovenes, 810,000 Macedonians, 426,000 Montenegrins, and 809,000 unclassified /as to nationality/ Moslems (Moslems of Turkish nationality are not included in the above number).

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The census of 15 March 1948 accounts for the following minorities: 750,000 Albanians, 496,000 Hungarians, 103,000 Walachians, 98,000 Turks, 84,000 Slovaks, 80,000 Italians, 73,000 Gypsies, 64,000 Rumanians, 61,000 Bulgarians, 55,000 Germans, 39,000 Czechs, 37,000 Ukrainians, 20,000 Russians, and 7,000 Jews. There are only a few thousand Poles, Austrians, Greeks, and Frenchmen in Yugoslavia, according to the census.

The 1948 census showed that 1,350,000 Slovenes and 42,000 other nationals live in Slovenia, and that 65,300 Slovenes live in the other republics. Of the Slovenes living in other republics, 39,000 live, in Croatia and 21,000 live in Serbia.

Serbia is inhabited by 4,824,000 Serbs, 170,000 Croats, 131,000 other Yugoslav nationals, 532,000 Albanians (mostly in the Kosmet), 434,600 Hungarians, 93,400 Walachians, 73,000 Slovaks, 63,000 Rumanians, 52,000 Gypsies, 41,500 Germans, and 59,500 Bulgarians.

Croatia is inhabited by 2,975,000 Croats, 544,000 Serbs, 44,000 other Yugoslav nationals, and 193,000 other nationals, including 76,000 Italians and 51,000 Hungarians.

Bosnia and Herzegovina are inhabited by 1,136,000 Serbs, 788,000 unclassified Moslems, 614,000 Croats, and 26,600 other nationals.

Macedonia is inhabited by 789,000 Macedonians, 31,000 Serbs, 197,400 members of the Albanian minority, and 96,000 members of the Turkish minority.

Montenegro is inhabited by 342,000 Montenegring and 19,000 members of the Albanian minority.

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